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# Optical fiber communication system links performance enhancement for high-speed data transmission through short-reach applications

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**Abstract:** This paper clarified the optical fiber communication system links the performance signature for short-indoor applications. The electrical propagation delay time is investigated for copper links. The polystyrene optical link propagation delay time is also analyzed. The optical pulse broadening and the data transmission bit rates in the optical links are analyzed. The electrical/optical links performance is discussed with the variations of electrical/optical link variations and ambient temperature variations. The optical link performance efficiency has presented better performance than the electrical links, especially for short-indoor applications.

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**Keywords:** electrical links; links performance; optical links; short-indoor applications.

## 1 Introduction

Any communication fiber system can be divided in to transmitter, channel, and receiver. The signals may be transferred over different media like air as in wireless communication or over physical medium such as cooper cable or optical fiber cable [1–14]. They are the most commonly used wired channels in electrical and optical communication system respectively [15–30]. According to the history of communication system, the credit for laying the foundations for today's optical communication systems is due to the world of Charles Kuen Kao, his work colleague George Hockham, and their team in 1966 [31–45]. The important question here, why has copper cables been replaced by optical fibers in most of the current communications systems. The name “soliton” being used in the sense of a solitary wave displaying particle behavior. The existence of solitons in wave propagation in plasma has been known since the 1960s. Turning to optical communications, in 1973 Hasegawa and Tappert of Bell Laboratories proposed a method for creating the aforementioned “stable pulses that occur due to balancing of dispersion and nonlinearity” inside an optical fiber [46–60].

The details depend on some rather abstruse mathematics but for the proper pulse shape the two types of stretching offset each other [61–76]. This means that the shape of the pulse—how its intensity changes with time is not affected by chromatic dispersion Solitons can exist in places other than fibers—the first were waves spotted in nineteenth-century canals—but their only use in communications is for fiber-optic transmission. The reasons that the continuous need to increasing the number of subscribers, increasing the amount of information that be transferred [77–89], using different technologies in transmission, the emergence of new technologies need the

transfer of a large amount of data and high-speed carrier media with minimum delay time, and the need for more capacity and bandwidth with minimum cost [90–111]. The simple form of the optical fiber cable consist of a thin core surrounded by a cladding material, which have a refractive index smaller than the core. There is also an outer protective layer surrounded the cladding. In the other side, the copper wire is a good conductive material for electricity at the room temperature [112–130].

## 2 Mathematical model analysis

As shown in Figure 1, the electrical links with  $C_L$  is the load capacitance,  $R_{on}$  is the ON transistor resistance,  $R_{int.}$  is the internal resistance and  $C_{int.}$  is the internal capacitance. The propagation time delay of the electrical links and the simplified equation can be modeled by [9–12]:

$$T_{P(EL)} = R_{int.} C_{int.} + 2.3 (R_{on} C_{int.} + R_{on} C_L + R_{int.} C_L) \quad (1)$$

$$T_{P(EL)} = 2.3 (R_{on} + R_{int.}) C_{int.} \quad (2)$$

The internal electrical link resistance is given by the following formula [9, 10, 12].

$$R_{int.} = \rho \frac{L_E}{H W} \quad (3)$$

where  $\rho$  is the electrical link resistivity,  $L_E$  is the electrical link length,  $H$  is the electrical link thickness, and  $W$  is the electrical link width. The fitting relation between resistivity and temperature is expressed by [10, 12]:

$$\rho = \rho_0 - 0.00543 \times 10^{-7} T + 0.1235 \times 10^{-7} T^2 \quad (4)$$

where  $\rho_0$  is the electrical resistivity at room temperature ( $T_0$ ). The electrical link capacitance is estimated by [9, 11, 12]:

$$C_{int.} = \epsilon_{ox} \left[ \frac{1.15 W}{t_{ox}} + 2.28 \left( \frac{H}{t_{ox}} \right)^{0.222} \right] L_E \quad (5)$$

where  $t_{ox}$  is dielectric oxide thickness, and  $\epsilon_{ox}$  is the silicon dioxide permittivity. Optical links can be shown in Figure 2, where  $R_{int.}$  and  $C_{int.}$  tend to be zero, and the propagation delay time for the optical links [9, 11, 12]:

$$T_{P(OL)} = 2.3 R_{on} C_L + t_{laser} + t_{int.} + t_{rec.} \quad (6)$$

where  $C_L$  is the input capacitance of the laser diode,  $t_{laser}$  is the delay time through the laser diode,  $t_{int.}$  is the propagation delay along the optical fiber interconnect, and  $t_{rec.}$  is the receiver delay time.

The internal delay time through fiber optic medium can be estimated by [9, 10, 12]:

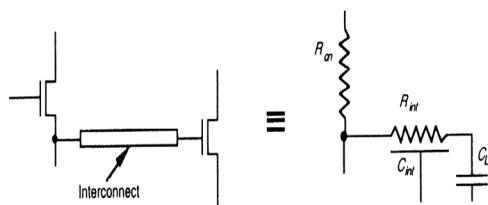


Figure 1: Electrical link circuit schematic view.

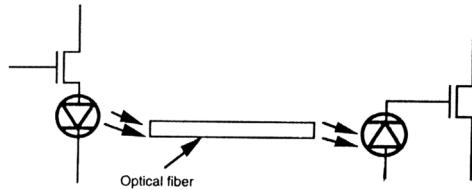


Figure 2: Schematic view of the optical link configuration.

$$t_{int.} = \frac{n L_O}{c} \quad (7)$$

where  $L_O$  is the optical link length and  $n$  is the optic link refractive index and is given by [9, 10, 12]:

$$n = \sqrt{\frac{B_1 \lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - B_2^2} + \frac{B_3 \lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - B_4^2} + \frac{B_5 \lambda^2}{\lambda^2 - B_6^2}} \quad (8)$$

For the polystyrene optical link, coefficients are expressed by the following formulas [9, 10, 12]:

$$B_1 = 0.2652, B_2 = 0.004321(T/T_0), B_3 = 1.876 \quad (9)$$

$$B_4 = 0.976542(T/T_0), B_5 = 0.41987, \\ B_6 = 73.654(T/T_0) \quad (10)$$

The optical pulse broadening in the optical links is expressed by [12]:

$$\Delta\tau_{(OL)} = T_{P(OL)} \Delta\lambda L \quad (11)$$

where  $\Delta\lambda$  is the pulse width of the laser diode. The data rate transmission through the optical link is [12–14]:

$$B_{R(OL)} = \frac{0.7}{\Delta\tau_{(OL)}} \quad (12)$$

$$D_r(EL) = \frac{0.7}{T_{P(EL)}} \quad (13)$$

## 3 Results and performance analysis

One of the most important metrics for the performance of a link is the bit rate, which indicates the reliability of the link.

This reliability ties closely with the data rate as excessive errors may force a link to operate at a lower data rate. The errors are due to noise on the signal that is transmitted and the noise in the receiving circuits as well as the noise introduced by the channel. We have discussed the obtained results of the performance parameters for optical/electrical links depend upon the operating parameters such as light wavelength ( $\lambda$ ) = 1300 nm, Room temperature ( $T_0$ ) = 300 K,  $300 \text{ K} \leq \text{ambient temperature } (T) \leq 400 \text{ K}$ ,  $1 \text{ m} \leq \text{optical/electrical link length } (L_{E/O}) \leq 10 \text{ m}$ , electrical link width ( $W$ ) = 0.5 m, electrical link width ( $H$ ) = 0.7 m, dielectric oxide thickness ( $t_{ox}$ ) = 0.65 mm, silicon dioxide permittivity ( $\epsilon_{ox}$ ) =  $3.4514 \times 10^{-5}$  pF/mm, copper resistivity ( $\rho_0$ ) =  $1.68 \times 10^{-6}$   $\Omega \cdot \text{mm}$ , ON transistor resistance ( $R_{on}$ ) = 10 k $\Omega$ , load capacitance ( $C_L$ ) = 1 pF, laser propagation delay time ( $t_{laser}$ ) = 1 ps, receiver propagation delay time ( $t_{rec.}$ ) = 1 ps, the pulse width of the laser diode ( $\Delta\lambda$ ) = 0.1 nm.

Figure 3 shows the propagation delay time increases as electrical/optical links increase at temperature ( $T = 300 \text{ K}$ ). The propagation delay time increases as the electrical/optical link length. The time delay for the electrical reach of 1 m is 3 ns and the optical link length of 1 m is 0.5 ns at room temperature. As well as the propagation delay time for the electrical link length of 5.5 m is 25 ns and the optical reach of 5.5 m is 4 ns at room temperature. In addition to the propagation delay, time for the electrical reach of 10 m is 200 ns and the optical reach of 10 m is 32 ns at room temperature.

Figure 4 clarifies the propagation delay time with respect to electrical/optical links at ambient temperature ( $T = 350 \text{ K}$ ). The time delay increases as the electrical/optical reach increases. The time delay for the electrical link length of 1 m is 6 ns and optical link length of 1 m is 1 ns at ambient temperature of 350 K. As well as the propagation delay time for the electrical link length of 5.5 m is 50 ns and optical link length of 5.5 m is 8 ns at ambient temperature of 350 K. In addition to the propagation delay, time for the electrical reach of 10 m is 400 ns and the optical reach of 10 m is 64 ns at an ambient temperature of 350 K.

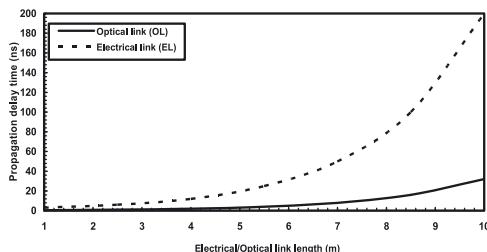


Figure 3: Propagation delay time with respect to electrical/optical links at room temperature ( $T = 300 \text{ K}$ ).

Figure 5 illustrates the propagation delay time with respect to electrical/optical links at ambient temperature ( $T = 400 \text{ K}$ ). The time delay increases as the electrical/optical link length increases. The time delay for the electrical link length of 1 m is 12 ns and optical link length of 1 m is 2 ns at ambient temperature of 400 K. As well as the propagation delay time for the electrical link length of 5.5 m is 100 ns and optical link length of 5.5 m is 16 ns at ambient temperature of 400 K. In addition to the propagation delay, time for the electrical reach of 10 m is 800 ns and the optical reach of 10 m is 128 ns at an ambient temperature of 400 K.

Figure 6 illustrates the data rate transmission variations with ambient temperature at electrical/optical links length ( $L = 2.5 \text{ m}$ ). The data rate transmission decreases as the ambient temperatures increase. The transmission rate for the optical link is 20 Gb/s at the optical length of 2.5 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.7 Gb/s

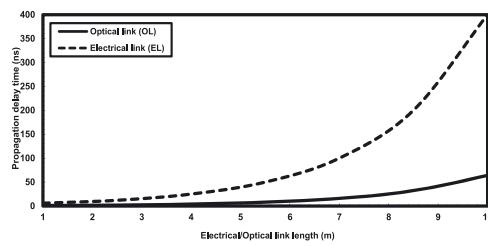


Figure 4: Propagation delay time with respect to electrical/optical links at ambient temperature ( $T = 350 \text{ K}$ ).

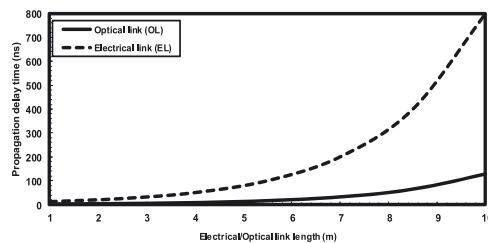


Figure 5: Propagation delay time with respect to electrical/optical links at ambient temperature ( $T = 400 \text{ K}$ ).

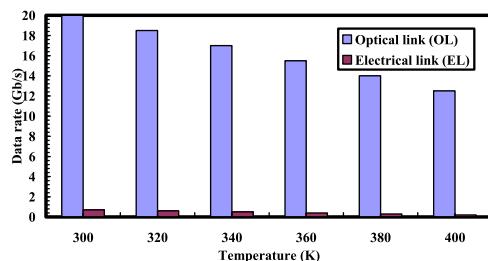


Figure 6: Transmission rate variations versus temperature at electrical/optical links length ( $L = 2.5 \text{ m}$ ).

at the electrical length of 2.5 m at room temperature. Moreover, the data rate transmission for the optical link is 16.5 Gb/s at the optical length of 2.5 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.45 Gb/s at the electrical length of 2.5 m at a temperature of 350 K. The transmission rate for the optical link is 12.5 Gb/s at the optical length of 2.5 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.2 Gb/s at the electrical length of 2.5 m at an ambient temperature of 400 K.

Figure 7 shows the transmission rate with temperature at the electrical/optical links length ( $L = 6.5$  m). The data rate transmission decreases as ambient temperatures increase. The transmission rate for the optical link is 12 Gb/s at the optical length of 6.5 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.2 Gb/s at the electrical length of 6.5 m at room temperature. Moreover, the data rate transmission for the optical link is 10.5 Gb/s at the optical length of 6.5 m, the transmission rate for the electrical link is 0.16 Gb/s at an electrical length of 6.5 m at a temperature of 350 K. Transmission rate for the optical link is 7 Gb/s at the optical length of 6.5 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.1 Gb/s at the electrical length of 6.5 m at an ambient temperature of 400 K.

Figure 8 indicates the transmission rate with temperature at electrical/optical links length ( $L = 10$  m). The data rate transmission decreases with the increase of the ambient temperatures.

The transmission rate for the optical link is 5 Gb/s at the optical reach of 10 m, the transmission rate for the

electrical link is 0.1 Gb/s at the electrical length of 10 m at room temperature. Moreover, the transmission rate for the optical link is 3.8 Gb/s at the optical reach of 10 m, the transmission rate for the electrical link is 0.085 Gb/s at the electrical length of 10 m at a temperature of 350 K. The transmission rate for the optical link is 2.5 Gb/s at the optical length of 10 m, the data rate transmission for the electrical link is 0.075 Gb/s at the electrical length of 10 m at an ambient temperature of 400 K.

## 4 Conclusions

The optical and electrical system links performance are investigated for short-range applications. The propagation delay time and the transmission data rates variations for both electrical/optical links are discussed. The obtained results are assured that the optical links are better performance than the electrical links. The lower optical/electrical links length, the lower the propagation delay time, and consequently the higher data rate transmission through these links under the control of ambient temperature variations.

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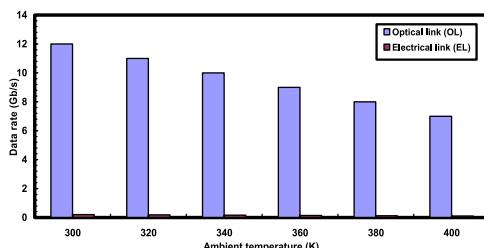
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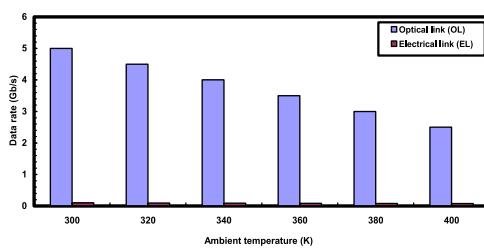
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**Figure 7:** Transmission rate in relation to temperature at electrical/optical links length ( $L = 6.5$  m).



**Figure 8:** Transmission rate against temperature at electrical/optical links length ( $L = 10$  m).

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